



**SQL Bits - the great data heist**  
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**An R primer for SQL folks**  
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# An R primer for SQL folks

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- Application developer, consultant, accidental DBA, author
- Worked at consultancies, ISVs, end user companies
- Speaker at SQL events around Europe
- SQL Server > 6.5, Dynamics Nav > 3.01, R > 3.1.2

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# Agenda

- History: what is R, how did R come to be, what does the R ecosystem look like today
- Introduction: R IDE, RStudio, basic data types / objects, packages, in-/output, data analysis, visualization
- Business case demo:
  - Extracting 'sales' data from a Nav DB on SQL Server
  - Basic analysis and visualization
  - Advanced visualization using the Shiny framework
- Example: data science going wrong, round-up, resources
- This is an introductory walk-through, no deep dive - so no fancy predictions, regression, big data science :-)



# History: R - then and now



- Programming language for statistical computing, analysis and visualization, widely used by statisticians, data miners, analysts, data scientists
- Created by **R**oss Ihaka and **R**obert Gentleman, Uni Auckland, in 1993 as an open source implementation of the (1970s) S language
- GNU project, maintained by the R Foundation for Statistical Computing, compiled builds for Mac OS, Linux, Windows, supported by R Consortium
- Extensible through user-created packages, > 13700 available on CRAN
- Commercial support, e.g. since 2007 by Revolution Analytics, acquired by Microsoft in 2015, now provide Microsoft R Open, R Server
- IDEs: R.App, RStudio, R Tools for Visual Studio (deprecated from VS 2019)
- Support for R now in SQL Server, Power BI, Azure ML, Data science VM



# Introduction: data objects

- Data types
    - numeric, integer, complex
    - character
    - logical
    - factor
    - Posix types for date/time
    - NA = Not available
  - Data structures
    - vector: 1 dim, 1 data type
    - matrix: 2 dim rect, 1 data type
    - list: collection of other objects
    - table: > 2 dimensions
    - data frame  
2 dim rect, cols = vectors
- ▶ DemoBasics1



# Introduction: packages

- Extensions to the R base system, containing code, data, documentation. Key factor to the success of R; flexible, user contributable. -> CRAN
- `installed.packages()` lists all *installed* packages incl. versions, dependencies, license and other info
- `search()` lists currently *attached* packages
- `install.packages()` downloads and installs packages
- `library()` loads/attaches packages, also `require()`
- Hadley Wickham, chief scientist at RStudio, professor of statistics  
„Tidyverse“: `dplyr`, `tidyr`, `lubridate`, `readr`, `httr`, `ggplot2`  
+ many more: [hadley.nz](https://www.hadley.nz)

► `DemoBasics2`



# Introduction: basic data in-/output

- **Generic functions** `read.table` and `write.table`
  - `read.csv` / `read.csv2` comma/semicolon delimited
  - `read.delim` / `read.delim2` Tab delimited, decimal point/comma
  - `read.fwf` fixed width format
- **Some additional I/O packages**
  - `reader` functions flexibly load multiple formats fast
  - `foreign` reads data from Minitab, S, SAS, SPSS, Stata, dBase...
  - DBI/ODBC database access via ODBC
  - `xlsx` and `readxl` read and write Excel 97/XP/200X files
  - XML reads XML and tables from http web sites



# Introduction: basic data analysis + visualization

- Analyzing (numeric) data:

`str()` structure = data types and ranges

`summary()` Min, max, mean, median, quartiles;

for factors: count of levels

`head()/tail()` shows top/bottom n rows (default = 6)

- Distribution of values:

`hist()` shows frequency distribution,

`boxplot()` for min, max, quartiles, outliers,

`mosaicplot()` contingency mosaic

► DemoBasics3





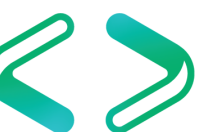
# Continued... data analysis + visualization

- Libraries: `tidy` for data tidying/reshaping, `ggplot2` implements grammar of graphics, `raster` for geo data
  - `apply()` family of functions applies functions to the margins of an array or a matrix
  - `gather()/spread()` convert between wide/long format
  - `ggplot()` very powerful plot function, plots point, line or bar geometrics etc with versatile parameters
- ▶ `DemoBasics4`



# Business case demo

- We are the distributor for all German petrol stations, with two subsidiaries: NorthTank and SouthFuel
- Business calls „We need some analysis of our 2015 Diesel sales“, preferably some visualizations, and „maybe something is wrong...“
- Of interest: distribution by post code zones
- Source: Dynamics Nav ERP database, on the customer card (table „Customer“) there’s a field called „Sales (LCY)“ (= Local currency)
- Publicly available shape- and data files for post code zones



# Extracting data & first analysis

- Using ODBC and the DBI package  
(also available: JDBC, RODBC and others)
- `dbConnect()` to establish a connection,  
then `dbGetQuery()` to query the database
- Calculate aggregates (sums) using `ddply()`
- Bar plot: `ggplot() + geom_bar()`
- Line diagram: `ggplot() + geom_line()`



# Analysis & visualization

- Calculate intervals for sales sums: `cut()`
  - libraries `raster`, `rgeos` for visualizing geospatial data
  - shapefiles: open vector data format for GIS software, describes points, lines or polygons in these files:  
.shp shapes, .shx shape index, .dbf attributes, .prj projection
  - merge shape and sales data: `merge()`
  - plot maps, colouring post code zones according to sales
- ▶ DemoTankData



# Use of Shiny framework

- Framework for interactive web applications in R apps consist of `server.R` and `ui.R` or just `app.R`
- `ui` defines screen appearance & controls
- `server` handles any data processing, plotting etc.
- apps can be run in web browser

▶ `DemoShiny/app`



# Example: data science going wrong?

- Anscombe's quartet:
- 4 data sets, each with 11 completely different x-y pairs
- yet nearly identical statistical properties
  - Mean of  $x = 9$
  - Mean of  $y = 7.5$
  - Correlation between  $x$  and  $y = 0.816$
  - Linear regression  $y = 3 + 0.5x$

► Anscombe



# Round-up / conclusions

- With R, a lot is possible in terms of analysis and visualization
- There's probably always a package for that

But please:

- Know your data
- Look at your data
  - Think - does it make sense?
- Consider the influence of outliers
- Don't blindly rely on R 'doing the trick'



# Resources online



- [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/R\\_\(programming\\_language\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/R_(programming_language))
- <https://www.r-project.org/> -> Mirrors of CRAN = Comprehensive R Archive Network
- <https://www.r-consortium.org/>
- <http://www.r-bloggers.com/>
- [www.kdnuggets.com](http://www.kdnuggets.com)
- [www.rseek.org](http://www.rseek.org) Pimped Google search for R-related subjects
- Twitter hashtag #rstats
- LinkedIn groups R Developers und Users Group, R Programming, The R Project for...
- [www.swirlstats.com](http://www.swirlstats.com) „Learn R, in R“
- [www.coursera.org](http://www.coursera.org) Data Science specialization (10 courses) MOOC
- [www.edx.org](http://www.edx.org)





# Resources offline



- Beginning R, The statistical programming language  
Dr. Mark Gardener, Wrox/Wiley, ISBN 978-1118164303
- R Cookbook, Paul Teetor, O'Reilly, ISBN 978-0596809157
- R Graphics Cookbook, Winston Chang, O'Reilly,  
ISBN 978-1449316952
- R in a Nutshell, Joseph Adler, O'Reilly, ISBN 978-1449312084
- Practical Data Science with R, Nina Zumel + John Mount,  
Manning publications, ISBN 978-1617291562



# Credits

- Titanic data set: [www.kaggle.com/c/titanic/data](http://www.kaggle.com/c/titanic/data)
- SQL Database structure:  
[mbs.microsoft.com](http://mbs.microsoft.com) Dynamics Nav 2016 demo database
- Customer and „sales“ data: [www.tankerkoenig.de](http://www.tankerkoenig.de) (license CC BY 4.0)
- Shape files:
  - [www.suche-postleitzahl.org](http://www.suche-postleitzahl.org) (Open database license,  
© OpenStreetMap contributors)
  - Bundesamt für Kartographie und Geodäsie, Frankfurt am Main, 2011
- Some icons made by:  
<http://www.flaticon.com/authors/hanan> (license CC BY 3.0)
- Anscombe's quartet: Francis J. Anscombe 1973



# An R primer for SQL folks

Time for some Q & A:

That is: questions that might be of common interest,  
and their answers might fit into the remaining time

For slides and scripts: follow link on final slide  
or check the SQLBits homepage ;-)



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Thank you for your interest & keep in touch:

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Slides and scripts to this presentation will be at  
<https://github.com/SQLThomas/Conferences/tree/master/Bits2019>

